# **SPECIFICATION SHEET**



### **PROCESS SULPHUR ANALYZER**

Models: SCA-200/400

This instrument measures the sulphur concentration in petroleum products such as light gas oil (LGO) and heavy oils. It is suitable for use in petroleum refineries for both process and quality control. It is also suitable for use in thermal power plants for monitoring intake fuel.

#### FEATURES

- Energy dispersion X-Ray Fluorescence analyzer (EDXRF) which uses a high performance semiconductor X-ray sensor si (PIN) photo diode.
- Semiconductor sensor features a higher S/N ratio and an excellent stability.
- Compact X-ray does not require special handling procedures associated with radioactive isotope based analyzer. This feature also contributes to enhance safety.
- Explosion proof construction in compliance with IEC Expd, IIB T4.
- Fully automated measurement using a microprocessor based analyzer controller.
- Provides 4~20mA analogue and contact switching alarm outputs.
- Remote controller (Model U-32) version available (option).
- Fluorescent X-ray (using X-ray tube) sulphur content analyzer designed and manufactured in compliance with JIS-K2541 and JIS-B7995.

#### STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

Product Name       :         Model       :         Measurement Object       :         Measurement Method       :         Measurement Window       :	Process Sulphur Analyzer. SCA-200, SCA-400. Sulphur concentration of petroleum products such as light gas-oil and heavy oils. Energy dispersion X-ray Fluorescence. Corrosion proof Be coated.
Explosion Proof Standard :	Combination explosion proof (Expd II BT4). Internal pressurised equipment ( combined pressurised and flame proof Expd II BT4). Analyzer section (pressurised explosion proof Expd II BT4).
Measurement Range :	0.01~1 wt % (SCA-200). 0.2~5 wt % (SCA-400).
Measurement Cycle :	Adjustable between 100~999 seconds.
Output :	DC 4~20mA, isolated, max. load 600 <b>a</b> .
Alarm signal :	Analyzer fault. AC125V, 0.4A or DC30V, 2A.
Repeatability (1σ) :	10ppm (SCA-200). 30ppm (SCA-400). Statistics change of S concentration 0ppm (900sec. measurement). It's based on concentration.
<b>Reproducibility over 24hrs (1</b> σ):	15ppm (SCA-200). 45ppm (SCA-400). Statistics change of S concentration Oppm (900sec. measurement). It's based on concentration.



: Fundamental, parameter method.
: ±30ppm vs 1C/H.
: 120°C or less.
: 1MPa (SCA-200)
2MPa (SCA-400)
: 0.3~0.5 L/min.
: 500ppm or less.
: 0~40°C.
: Protect from rain and direct sunlight
: Metallic silver.
: 800W x 400D x 1000H (Analyzer)
: Approx. 160kg (Analyzer).
: AC 100/110/115/200/220/240
±10% 50/60Hz 300VA.
: 0.4~0.7MPa, 6Nm³/h (Normal).
12Nm³/h (Ventilation).

: 0~30°C. : 0.5L/min (common use).

Temperature

Flow rate Pressure

: 0.1~0.3MPa.

#### PRINCIPAL OF OPERATION

A compact X-ray tube irradiates X-rays onto sample continuously flowing through an analytical cell. Sulphur atoms present in the sample become excited and generate fluorescent X-rays which have energy level characteristics specific only to sulphur. The amount of these specific X-rays generated is proportional to the concentration of sulphur in the sample. The sulphur concentration can therefore be determined by counting the fluorescent X-rays that are generated with specific sulphur energy levels. At the same time, non-sulphur characteristic X-rays (scattered mainly from carbon atoms) are also counted. The microprocessor controller uses all the data obtained to perform calculations to compensate for error due to C/H and obtains an accurate measure of sulphur concentration in the sample.



# SYSTEM CONFIGURATION







• Analyzer and Sample Conditioning System





### **TERMINAL CONNECTIONS**



# PRODUCT CODE

	$\Box$				Π		$\Box$						
	_	┢	-	+	+	+	╋	+	+	+	+		- Series
2	· • · · ·	···	÷	+	• • • •	·†··	÷	·   · ·	+	4	·••••		<ul> <li>Standard (0.01~1Wt%)</li> </ul>
4							· [ · ·			1	1		<ul> <li>For high concentration (0.2~5Wt%)</li> <li>Power voltage</li> </ul>
1		Į									Į		··· AC 100V 50/60Hz
2		<b>.</b>		·   · ·		· • • •	÷.	·	·   · ·	. <b>!</b>	<b>.</b>		·· AC 110V 50/60Hz
3		ł…		· • • •	· • • •	• • • •	÷	· • • •	• • • •	· · · ·	ł		AC 115V 50/60Hz
4.1.		ŀ···	1	••••	+	· [· ·	÷	· • • •	•••••	÷	1		·· AC 200V 50/60Hz
5.1.		1	1	1.	1	1.	T	11	1.	1	1		··· AC 220V 50/60Hz
0.1													- Output
1			. <b> </b>		.	. <b> </b>			. <b>.</b>	. <b>.</b>	. <b> </b>		· 4~20mA DC (standard)
		⊢	+	╋	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		- Sample pressure
	Ä۰۰		÷	t.	·   · ·	·†••	÷	··•••·		· [· · ·	····		· 0.4~1.0MPa(G) (standard)
	B	1	t			· † · ·	1		· • · ·	1	†…	•••••	<ul> <li>0.4MPa(G) or less (in need of sample pump)</li> </ul>
	0	Ľ.,	1	1					1	1	1		1.0MPa(G) or more (in need of relief)
	(	<b>)</b> .	<b>.</b>	I							.l		
	1	í.		. <b> </b>	. <b>.</b>			. <b>.</b>	. <b> </b>	<b>.</b>	Į		··· Open cooler (150°C or less)
	2	2.	1	·	+	·  ··	÷	· • • •	·   · ·	÷	+		Panel cooler (200°C or less)
	3	3.	1	÷	· · · ·	·  ··	÷	····	· ··	÷	····	•••••	Sealed cooler (300°C or less)
	4	ł.	1	1	1	·†··	+	·†··	· ··	÷	1		Iemperature protect unit     Accumulator (complex pulse)
			<u> </u>	1	1	1	1						- Accumiator (sample pulse)
			1.	I	1							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· Nil · Standard
					+	+	+	+	+-	+	⊢		- Former treatment filter (sludge in sample)
			(	ο.				·  · ·	· · ·	÷	···		·· Nil
			1	1 .	·	• • • •	÷	· [··	·ŀ··	÷···	••••	••••••	<ul> <li>Y type strainer 1 series (1.0MPa(G) or less)</li> </ul>
			4	2.		• • • •	÷	· [··	·†··	1	1		<ul> <li>Y type strainer 2 series (1.0MPa(G) or less)</li> </ul>
				3.				1.	1.	1			Basket filter 1 series (1.0MPa(G) or less)     Basket filter 2 series (1.0MPa(G) or less)
			-	+									Coalescer (water in sample)
					ο.		. <b> </b>			. <b> </b>	<b>.</b>		• Nil (less than 500ppm)
					À٠	· • • •	•	· • • • •	+	·	····		TOA-DKK's coalescer 1 column (less than 501~1000ppm)
					Β·	· • · ·	÷	····		÷	ŀ…	••••••	TOA-DKK's coalescer 2 column (less than 2000ppm)
						~	+					11 (g)	- Waste fluid collector (return point pressure)
						1	1		1		1		<ul> <li>Nil (return pressure atmosphere, free drain))</li> <li>Weste fluid tank L weste fluid nump air type</li> </ul>
						2			1				<ul> <li>Waste fluid tank + waste fluid pump all type</li> <li>Waste fluid tank + waste fluid pump electric type</li> </ul>
						2	L	+	+	-	-		<ul> <li>Former treatment filter (cooling water)</li> </ul>
							0	· • • •	•	+	···		·· Nil
							1	· • • •	·†··	+	1	••••••	Y type strainer 1 Series (1.0MPa(G) or less)
							2	· [··	1	1	1		<ul> <li>Y type strainer 2 Series (1.0MPa(G) or less)</li> </ul>
							3	11	1.	1	1		Backet filter 2 Series (1.0MPa(G) or less)     Backet filter 2 Series (1.0MPa(G) or less)
				4	Ľ	1	1	<u> </u>		Air pressure (Related to AIR drive valve)			
					A٠	<b>.</b>		. <b> </b>		0.4MPa(G) or more (standard)			
					B	+		+…		0.4MPa(G) or less (in need of multiple pressure valve)			
									L	+	+		- Standard solution tank (for calibration)
								1	j.	†…	1	••••••	
									1.	Ľ	1		<ul> <li>Cal. standard tank (10L) + AIR or N<sub>2</sub> press forward</li> </ul>
										1.			Open rack (P16F) (standard)
Custom spec	. co	de:	÷							2.	Į		Open rack (P16F) roof
Numeric digit	t: 9		1										Pipe construction
Alphabet:	Ζ		1							(	0		0Nil (standard)
•••••	•••••	•••••	•••								1	••••••	1Steam trace + insulator
											2		2Cooling water trace + heat insulator
											3		· JInsulator
										í	5		5High pressure (1 0MPa(G) or more) Scadule 40 or more
										i	õ		6Seal welding (except screw in connection)

# **DKK-TOA** CORPORATION



DKK-TOA Corporation 29-10, 1-Chome, Takadanobaba, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 169-8648 Japan Tel: +81-3-3202-0225 Fax: +81-3-3202-5685

#### Representative Office (Europe):

DKK-TOA European Representative

St. Johns Innovation Centre, Cowley Rd., Cambridge CB4 0WS UK. Tel : +44 (0)1223-526471 Fax : +44 (0)1223-709239

http://www.toadkk.co.jp

CAUTION Do not operate products before consulting instruction manual.

Information and specifications are for a typical system and are subject to change without notice.